Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

			2 of 1968, as		POTE nd P.A. 71 of 1919), as amended.				
Local Unit of Government Type				Local Unit Name			County			
	Count		City	□Twp	□Village	⊠Other	VILLAGE O	F DEXTER DDA		MONROE
	al Yea NE :		2007		Opinion Date JULY 31,	2007		Date Audit Report Submitte	d to State	
We a	We affirm that:									
We a	are ce	ertifie	d public ac	countants	s licensed to p	ractice in M	lichigan.			
We further affirm the following material, "no" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (report of comments and recommendations).										
	YES	9	Check ea	ach applic	plicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)					
1.	\boxtimes						of the local ur ents as necess		ancial stater	nents and/or disclosed in the
2.	X							it's unreserved fund bala udget for expenditures.	ances/unres	tricted net assets
3.	×		The local	unit is in o	compliance wi	th the Unifo	orm Chart of Ac	counts issued by the De	partment of	Treasury.
4.	X		The local	unit has a	idopted a bud	get for all re	equired funds.			
5.	X		A public h	nearing on	the budget w	as held in a	ccordance with	n State statute.		
6.	×						Finance Act, a and Finance D	n order issued under the livision.	Emergency	y Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	×		The local unit has not been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.			er taxing unit.				
8.	X		The local	The local unit only holds deposits/investments that comply with statutory requirements.						
9.	\boxtimes			ne local unit has no illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the Bulletin for udits of Local Units of Government in Michigan, as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).						
10.	There are no indications of defalcation, fraud or embezzlement, which came to our attention during the course of our audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division (LAFD). If there is such activity that has not been communicated, please submit a separate report under separate cover.									
11.	X		The local	unit is free	e of repeated	comments f	from previous	ears.		
12.	X		The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	ED.				
13.	X				complied with g principles (0		r GASB 34 as	modified by MCGAA Stat	tement #7 a	nd other generally
14.	X		The board	d or counc	il approves al	l invoices p	rior to paymen	t as required by charter of	or statute.	
15.	X		To our kn	owledge,	bank reconcili	ations that	were reviewed	were performed timely.		
incl des	If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is not included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission. I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.									
We	have	e en	closed the	following	3 :	Enclosed	Not Required	(enter a brief justification)		
Fin	ancia	ıl Sta	tements							
The letter of Comments and Recommendations										
Other (Describe)										
COOLEY HEHL WOHLGAMUTH & CARLTO			TON, PLL	1	Felephone Number (734) 241-7200					
	et Add		TH MONF	ROE STR	EET			Dity MONROE	1 1	^{Zip} 48161
Auth	orizing	CPA	Signature	\		1	inted Name		License Nu	
	PETER H. CARLTON, CPA 1101009575									

PETER H. CARLTON, CPA

Dexter, Michigan

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2007

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Village of Dexter
Downtown Development Authority
Village of Dexter, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority, a component unit of the Village of Dexter, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Downtown Development Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority, a component unit of the Village of Dexter, Michigan, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8 and 25, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Board of Directors Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority, a component unit of the Village of Dexter, Michigan, basic financial statements. The other supplemental information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Cooley Hohl Wohlyamth & Caulton

July 31, 2007

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2007

This section of the Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority's (DDA) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the DDA's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Please read it in conjunction with the DDA's financial statements, which immediately follow this section. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit which consists of the financial statements and other supplemental information that presents all the DDA's revenues and expenditures by program for the General Fund, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Council (GASB) adopted this reporting model in *Statement No. 34* Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued June, 2000. Certain comparative information between the current sixteen month period and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

The DDA changed its fiscal year end to June 30 effective June 30, 2006 to coincide with the Village of Dexter. The comparison of Changes in Net Assets is comparing the current twelve month period with prior sixteen month period.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the DDA financially as a whole. The *Government-Wide Financial Statements*, which include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, provide information about the activities of the DDA as a whole and presents both a short-term and a long-term view of those finances. The *Fund Financial Statements* provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The *Fund Financial Statements* report the DDA's operations in more detail than the *Government-Wide Financial Statements* by providing information about the DDA's individual funds - the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Loan Reserve Fund, the Projects Fund, and the 2001 Bond Projects Fund. The following summary illustrates how the various parts of this annual report are arranged:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Budgetary Information for Major Funds (Required Supplemental Information)

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2007

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (pages 9 and 10), which appear first in the DDA's financial statements, report information on the DDA as a whole and its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the DDA's net assets and changes in them. The change in net assets provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the DDA's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses indicates the DDA's operating results. However, the DDA's goal is to provide services to our residents, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the quality of the services provided to assess the overall health of the DDA.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report the governmental activities for the DDA, which encompass all of the DDA's services, including debt service and public works. Property taxes, grants and bond issues finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The DDA's Fund Financial Statements (pages 11-16) provide detailed information about the individual funds not the DDA as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the DDA establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using revenues. The DDA's governmental funds use the accounting approach described below:

Governmental funds - All of the DDA's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the DDA and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the DDA's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation format in the financial section on pages 13 and 16.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2007

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the DDA as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the DDA's net assets as of June 30, 2007 and 2006:

Table 1:

Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	
	June 30, 2007	<u>June 30, 2006</u>
Current assets	\$ <u>816,884</u>	\$ <u>687,209</u>
Total Assets	816,884	687,209
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	84,983 <u>407,250</u>	212,252 <u>397,800</u>
Total Liabilities	492,233	610,052
Net Assets:		
Restricted for capital projects	~	42,623
Unrestricted	<u>324,651</u>	<u>34,534</u>
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>324,651</u>	\$ <u>77,157</u>

As depicted in Table 1, the DDA's unrestricted net assets were \$324,651 at June 30, 2007. This amount represents the *accumulated* results of all past years' operations. The unrestricted net asset balance is used for working capital and cash flow needs as well as to provide for future uncertainties. It means that if we had to pay off all of our bills *today*, including all of our noncapital liabilities we could with our current resources.

The results of this year's operations for the DDA as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities (Table 2), which shows the changes in net assets for the twelve month period ending June 30, 2007 and the sixteen month period ending June 30, 2006.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2007

Government-Wide Financial Analysis - Concluded

Table 2:

Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	Year	Sixteen Month	
	Ended	Period Ended	
	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2006	
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Grants	\$ -	\$ 219,164	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	426,110	334,579	
Sale of property	-	348,633	
Other general revenues	34,941	37,701	
Village contribution	<u></u>	57,211	
	<u>461,051</u>	778,124	
Total Revenues	461,051	997,288	
Functions/Program Expenses			
General government	3,900	3,700	
Public works	87,382	1,082,177	
Debt service	<u>122,275</u>	202,470	
Total Expenses	<u>213,557</u>	1,288,347	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ <u>247,494</u>	\$ <u>(291,059)</u>	

As indicated in Table 2, the cost of *all governmental* activities this year was \$213,557. This amount was subsidized with revenue generated from property taxes and interest income.

The DDA experienced an increase in net assets of \$247,494. A key reason for this increase is the absence of project activity during the current year. The increase in net assets differs from the change in fund balance. A reconciliation of the change in fund balances to the change in net assets appears on page 16.

Fund Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the DDA uses funds to help control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the DDA is being held accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may give more insight into the DDA's overall financial health.

As the DDA completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$731,901, which is an increase of \$256,944 from June 30, 2006. The changes by funds are as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2007

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Loan Reserve Fund	Projects Fund	2001 Bond Projects Funds	Total
Fund balances – February 28,2006	\$531	\$150,290	\$239,848	\$ 41,665	\$42,623	\$474,957
Increase (decrease)	(31)	(1,290)	29,981	270,907	_(42,623)	256,944
Fund balances – June 30, 2007	\$500	\$149,000	\$269,829	\$312,572	\$ 0	\$731,901

Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires the DDA Board of Directors to adopt the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to the start of the fiscal year. Over the course of the year, the DDA may revise its budget as it attempts to deal with the unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. A schedule illustrating the DDA's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the required supplemental information and other supplemental information of these financial statements.

Revenues – There were no revisions made to the original budgeted revenues.

Expenditures – Revisions were made to the original budgeted expenditures in the Projects Fund and the 2001 Bond Projects Fund. Expenditures were increased to reflect additional project expenses for the downtown parking lot project and additional engineering and planning.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The DDA contributes financial support to the Village of Dexter for some of the construction and maintenance of assets within the DDA boundaries. These costs are recorded in the financial statements under the category of public works expense. The DDA does not have any capital assets of its own.

Debt

At June 30, 2007, the DDA owed \$315,000 to the Village of Dexter on a note payable. The DDA originally borrowed \$135,000 to fund a project approved in May, 1993 and borrowed an additional \$180,000 in 1998. This debt is reflected as a long-term liability on the statement of net assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2007

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Concluded)

Debt (Concluded)

The DDA also has a pledge to pay principal and interest on two Village of Dexter general obligation bond issues. At June 30, 2007, the outstanding principal balance was \$70,000 on the 1994 issue and \$765,000 on the 2001 issue. Since these are general obligations of the Village of Dexter, they are not reflected in the statement of net assets.

Detailed information is included in Notes 6 and 7 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The fiscal year 2008 budget anticipates an increase in property tax capture to \$517,000 and sale of SBT credits of \$100,000. Using available fund balance at June 30, 2007, the DDA has budgeted expenditures totaling \$822,419. The DDA expects to pay the Village of Dexter \$40,000 for downtown operations and maintenance, use \$114,438 for debt service and the majority of the balance for various downtown projects, including Baker Road infrastructure and streetscape, parking lot upgrades and Alpine Street improvements. The DDA is also discussing the need for a new bond issue.

Contacting the DDA's Management

This financial report is designed to provide the DDA's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the DDA's finances and to demonstrate their accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the DDA treasurer via the Village of Dexter, 8140 Main Street, Dexter, Michigan 48130.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

Assets Cash and certificates of deposit	Governmental Activities \$816,884
Total Assets	816,884
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Long-term liabilities: Due in more than one year: Principal	4,983 80,000 315,000
Accrued interest	92,250
Total Liabilities	492,233
Net Assets Unrestricted	324,651
Total Net Assets	\$324,651

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Program I	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
			Operating	
		Charges	Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Activities
Functions/Programs				
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$3,900	\$0	\$0	(\$3,900)
Public works	87,382	0	0	(87,382)
Debt service	122,275	0	0	(122,275)
Total Governmental Activities	\$213,557	\$0	\$0	(213,557)
	General Revenues:			
	Property taxes			426,110
	Interest income			34,941
		Total General Reve	enues	461,051
	Change in Net Ass	sets		247,494
	Net Assets - Begin	ning of year		77,157
	Net Assets - End of	f year		\$324,651

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2007

		Debt Servi	ce Funds
		Debt	Loan
	General Fund	Service Fund	Reserve Fund
Assets			
Cash and certificates of deposit	\$500	\$229,000	\$269,829
Total Assets	\$500	\$229,000	\$269,829
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$0	\$0	\$0
Due to other governmental units		80,000	0
Total Liabilities	0	80,000	0
Fund Balances			
Unreserved:			
Designated for debt service	0	0	269,829
Designated for capital projects	0	0	0
Undesignated, reported in:			
General Fund	500	0	0
Debt Service Fund	0	149,000	0
Total Fund Balances	500	149,000	269,829
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$500	\$229,000	\$269,829

Capital Proj	Capital Projects Funds				
Projects	2001 Bond	Governmental			
Fund	Projects Fund	Funds			
\$317,555	\$0	\$816,884			
\$317,555	\$0	\$816,884			
\$4,983	\$0	\$4,983			
0	0	80,000			
4,983	0	84,983			
0	0	269,829			
312,572	0	312,572			
0	. 0	500			
0	0	149,000			
312,572	0	731,901			
\$317,555	\$0	\$816,884			

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2007

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$731,901
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Note payable	(315,000)
Accrued interest	(92,250)
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$324,651

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Debt Service Funds		
		Debt	Loan	
	General Fund	Service Fund	Reserve Fund	
Revenues				
Taxes	\$0	\$426,110	\$0	
Interest income	0	0	0	
Total Revenues	0	426,110	0	
Expenditures				
General government	3,900	0	0	
Public works	0	0	0	
Debt Service - pass through commitment	0	112,825	0	
Total Expenditures	3,900	112,825	0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue				
Over Expenditures	(3,900)	313,285	0	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	3,869	0	29,981	
Operating transfers out	0	(314,575)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,869	(314,575)	29,981	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(31)	(1,290)	29,981	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	531	150,290	239,848	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$500	\$149,000	\$269,829	

Capital Proje	Total		
Projects	Projects 2001 Bond		
Fund	Projects Fund	Funds	
\$0	\$0	\$426,110	
29,939	5,002	34,941	
29,939	5,002	461,051	
0	0	3,900	
87,382	0	87,382	
0	0	112,825	
Annual Control of the			
87,382	0	204,107	
(57,443)	5,002	256,944	
328,350	0	362,200	
0	(47,625)	(362,200)	
328,350	(47,625)	0	
270,907	(42,623)	256,944	
41,665	42,623	474,957	
\$312,572	\$0	\$731,901	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$256,944

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Interest accrued on long term debt is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities but not recorded as an expense in the the governmental funds until paid

(9,450)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$247,494

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2007

Note 1 Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the activities of the Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority (the "DDA"). The DDA was established March 26, 1986, pursuant to Public Act 197 of 1975. The primary purpose of the DDA is to revitalize and encourage economic activity in the Village of Dexter business district. The DDA's activities are primarily funded through tax increment financing.

The DDA is a component unit of the Village of Dexter, Michigan (the "Village") because the Village appoints the DDA's Boards of Directors, it has the ability to significantly influence the DDA's operations, and it is financially accountable for the DDA as defined under GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. Accordingly, the DDA is presented as a discrete component unit in the Village's financial statements and is an integral part of that reporting entity.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the DDA have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The DDA also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the DDA's accounting policies.

Basis of Presentation

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the DDA. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements. All of the DDA's government-wide activities are considered to be governmental activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Amounts reported as program revenue include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. General revenue includes taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues.

Major governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2007

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the DDA.

The DDA reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of the DDA, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for property tax revenue, expenditures for debt service, and transfers to other funds.

The Loan Reserve Fund accounts for monies transferred from the Debt Service Fund for future repayment of a loan from the Village.

The Projects Fund accounts for monies transferred from the Debt Service Fund to be used for various downtown projects.

The 2001 Bond Projects Fund accounts for proceeds from a bond issue to be used for downtown projects.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2007

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

B. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting</u>, and <u>Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Concluded) The DDA does not have any nonmajor governmental funds.

C. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

<u>Interfund Balances</u> - On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due to/from other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets are not reported on the statement of net assets. Capital assets purchased with DDA monies are considered to be owned by the Village.

<u>Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations</u> - All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current period. Payments of long-term loans are recognized as an expenditure on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

<u>Net Assets</u> - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

<u>Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on July 1 and December 1 of the following year. Taxes are collected by the Village and the Township of Scio for the DDA.

<u>Fund Balance Reserves and Designations</u> - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

D. <u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2007

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Concluded)

Basis of Presentation (Concluded)

- E. Extraordinary and Special Items Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the DDA and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2007.
- F. <u>Budgetary Policies</u> The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the State of Michigan Budget Act and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the DDA Board at the function level. Any budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the DDA Board.

The DDA follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The DDA Board is submitted a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the
 following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of
 financing them. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end.
- The budget is reviewed and discussed at a public meeting.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through a passage of a motion.
- 4. The DDA budget is submitted to the Village Council for review and adoption as a component of the overall Village budget.
- 5. Any revisions to the budget must be approved by the DDA Board.
- 6. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the DDA Board.
- 7. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lapsing of Appropriations - At the close of each year all unspent appropriations revert to the respective funds from which they were appropriated and become subject to future appropriations.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2007

Note 3 Stewardship, Accountability and Compliance

The DDA shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis that is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and State Law for the General Fund, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds.

In the required supplemental information, the DDA's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a functional basis, which is the adopted legal level of control.

Note 4 Deposits

Statutes authorize the DDA to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities; commercial paper within the three highest rate classifications by at least two rating services; bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, U.S. or agency repurchase agreements; savings accounts and certificates of deposit with banks and savings and loan associations, or credit unions which are insured with the applicable federal agency. Public funds of the DDA may not be deposited in financial institutions located in states other than Michigan.

The Village has adopted an investment policy authorizing certain types of investments and depositories. The DDA has authorized TCF National Bank and United Bank & Trust as its depositories.

Interest rate risk. The Village's investment policy does limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates.

Credit risk. The Village will minimize credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by limiting investments to the safest types of securities by pre-qualifying institutions with which the Village will do business, and by diversifying the investment portfolio.

Concentration of credit risk. The Village does not place any limits on the amount the Village may deposit or invest in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned or the Village will not be able to recover the collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The DDA has \$1,095,953 invested in certificates of deposit, checking accounts, and money markets. The DDA deposits are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$200,000, with uninsured deposits of \$895,953. The DDA's deposits are at institutions with an established record of fiscal health and service. The DDA Board approves depository institutions. The Village's investment policy does address deposit risk.

Foreign currency risk. The Village is authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2007

Note 5 Tax Increment Financing

Tax increment revenues for the DDA result from the application of the general tax rates of the incorporated municipalities and all other political subdivisions which levy taxes in the development area to captured assessed value. The DDA may enter into agreements with any of the taxing units to share a portion of the revenue of the District. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, the captured assessed value was \$17,368,472.

The following is a summary of the tax increment revenues for the year ending June 30, 2007 adjusted for agreements with the taxing units:

	Adjusted	
•	Millage	<u>Amount</u>
Village of Dexter	12.8862	\$223,543
Scio Township	1.4460	25,085
Dexter Schools (non-homestead only)	18.0000	41,987
Washtenaw County	2.8384	49,239
Washtenaw Intermediate School	2.2655	8,246
Washtenaw Community College	3.3682	58,430
Dexter District Library	<u>1.1286</u>	<u>19,579</u>
Total	<u>41.9329</u>	\$ <u>426,109</u>

Note 6 Long-Term Debt

Total Due

Loan Payable - Village of Dexter

On February 9, 1995, a loan of \$135,000 was acquired by the DDA to finance downtown improvement projects. On February 2, 1998, an additional \$180,000 was added to the loan. The entire amount of principal and interest is due and payable on or before January 31, 2015. Interest increased 2% and will accrue at the rate of 3%.

\$315,000

Following is a summary of changes in long-term debt:

	Balance			Balance	Amount Due
	June 30, 2006	<u>Additions</u>	Payments	June 30, 2007	in One Year
Loans Payable:					
Village of Dexter	\$ <u>315,000</u>	\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>315,000</u>	\$

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ <u>315,000</u>	\$ <u>172,800</u>	\$ <u>487,800</u>

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2007

Note 7 Long-Term Debt Commitments

Under a pledge to the Village, the DDA pays the annual principal and interest payments on the following two Village bond issues:

1994 Village of Dexter Bonds

On November 1, 1994 the Village of Dexter issued General Obligation, Limited Tax Bonds on behalf of the DDA in the amount of \$255,000 to finance downtown improvement projects. The principal and interest amounts are due over 15 years starting May 1, 1995 through May 1, 2009. The interest rates range from 6.0% to 7.1%.

\$ 70,000

Total Due

2001 Village of Dexter Bonds

On December 1, 2001 the Village of Dexter issued General Obligation, Limited Tax Bonds on behalf of the DDA in the amount of \$900,000 to finance downtown improvement projects. The principal and interest amounts are due over 19 years starting May 1, 2002 through May 1, 2020. The interest rates range from 4.5% to 7.0%.

765,000

\$835,000

Following is a summary of changes in this long-term debt:

	Balance				Balance	Amount Due
	June 30, 2006	Addi	tions	Payments	June 30, 2007	in One Year
General Obligation Bonds	s:					
1994 Village Bonds	\$100,000	\$	-	\$30,000	\$ 70,000	\$30,000
2001 Village Bonds	800,000		-	<u>35,000</u>	<u>765,000</u>	<u>40,000</u>
	\$ <u>900,000</u>	\$	-	\$ <u>65,000</u>	\$ <u>835,000</u>	\$ <u>70,000</u>

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on this long-term debt commitment outstanding at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal_	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2008	\$ 70,000	\$ 43,638	\$ 113,638
2009	80,000	39,708	119,708
2010	45,000	35,066	80,066
2011	50,000	32,998	82,998
2012	55,000	30,648	85,648
2013-2017	320,000	109,782	429,782
2018-2020	215,000	23,382	238,382
	\$ <u>835,000</u>	\$ <u>315,222</u>	\$ <u>1,150,222</u>

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2007

Note 7 Long-Term Debt Commitments (Concluded)

The annual payments on the 1994 Village of Dexter Bonds maturing May 1 (principal and interest) and November 1 (interest) are as follows:

Year Ending	Intere	st Due	Principal	Total
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Nov 1</u>	_May 1_	<u>May 1</u>	<u>Requirements</u>
2008	\$2,485	\$2,485	\$30,000	\$34,970
2009	<u>1,420</u>	<u>1,420</u>	<u>40,000</u>	<u>42,840</u>
	\$ <u>3,905</u>	\$ <u>3,905</u>	\$ <u>70,000</u>	\$ <u>77,810</u>

The annual payments on the 2001 Village of Dexter Bonds maturing May 1 (principal and interest) and November 1 (interest) are as follows:

Year Ending	Intere	est Due	Principal	Total
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Nov 1</u>	<u>May 1</u>	<u>May 1</u>	Requirements
2008	\$ 19,334	\$ 19,334	\$ 40,000	\$ 78,668
2009	18,434	18,434	40,000	76,868
2010	17,533	17,533	45,000	80,066
2011	16,499	16,499	50,000	82,998
2012	15,324	15,324	55,000	85,648
2013	14,003	14,003	55,000	83,006
2014	12,657	12,657	60,000	85,314
2015	11,118	11,118	65,000	87,236
2016	9,453	9,453	70,000	88,906
2017	7,660	7,660	70,000	85,320
2018	5,778	5,778	70,000	81,556
2019	3,897	3,897	70,000	77,794
2020	<u>2,016</u>	<u>2,016</u>	<u>75,000</u>	<u>79,032</u>
	\$ <u>153,706</u>	\$ <u>153,706</u>	\$ <u>765,000</u>	\$ <u>1,072,412</u>

Note 8 Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007 consisted of the following:

	Transfe		
	Debt	2001	
	Service Fund	Projects Fund	<u>Total</u>
Transfer In:			
General Fund	\$ 3,869	\$ -	\$ 3,869
Loan Reserve Fund	29,981	-	29,981
Capital Projects Fund	280,725	<u>47,625</u>	328,350
	\$ <u>314,575</u>	\$ <u>47,625</u>	\$ <u>362,200</u>

The transfer to the General Fund was to cover audit costs, the transfer to the Loan Reserve Fund was to set aside funds to pay back the Village note payable and the transfers to the Capital Projects Fund was for potential public works expenses.

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative) Budget
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures General government:				
Legal and auditing	5,000	5,000	3,900	1,100
Total Expenditures	5,000	5,000	3,900	1,100
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(5,000)	(5,000)	(3,900)	1,100
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfer in	5,000	5,000	3,869	(1,131)
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	(31)	(31)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	531	531	531	0
Fund Balances - End of year	\$531	\$531	\$500	(\$31)

Debt Service Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted A	amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues	4.5	****	*****	****	
Taxes	\$260,000	\$260,000	\$426,110	\$166,110	
Total Revenues	260,000	260,000	426,110	166,110	
Expenditures					
Debt service - pass through commitment	nt:				
1994 General obligation bonds:					
Principal	30,000	30,000	30,000	0	
Interest and fees	7,370	7,370	7,070	300	
	37,370	37,370	37,070	300	
2001 General obligation bonds:					
Principal	35,000	35,000	35,000	0	
Interest and fees	40,904	40,904	40,755	149	
	75,904	75,904	75,755	149	
Total Expenditures	113,274	113,274	112,825	449	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	146,726	146,726	313,285	166,559	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers out	(94,981)	(94,981)	(314,575)	(219,594)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	51,745	51,745	(1,290)	(53,035)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	110,000	110,000	150,290	40,290	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$161,745	\$161,745	\$149,000	(\$12,745)	

Loan Reserve Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in	29,981	29,981	29,981	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	29,981	29,981	29,981	0
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	239,848	239,848	239,848	0
Fund Balance - End of year	\$269,829	\$269,829	\$269,829	\$0

Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Sale of property	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$0	(\$100,000)	
Interest	0	0	29,939	29,939	
Total Revenues	100,000	100,000	29,939	(70,061)	
Expenditures					
Public works:					
Project expenses:					
Downtown operations/ maintenance	40,000	40,000	40,000	0	
Downtown parking lot improvement	0	125,000	17,022	107,978	
Downtown projects	10,000	10,000	8,700	1,300	
Project management and planning	20,000	20,000	21,660	(1,660)	
Total Expenditures	70,000	195,000	87,382	107,618	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	30,000	(95,000)	(57,443)	37,557	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in	60,000	60,000	328,350	268,350	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	60,000	60,000	328,350	268,350	
Net Change in Fund Balances	90,000	(35,000)	270,907	305,907	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	37,000	37,000	41,665	4,665	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$127,000	\$2,000	\$312,572	\$310,572	

2001 Bond Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Interest income	\$0	\$0	\$5,002	\$5,002
Total Revenues	0	0	5,002	5,002
Expenditures				
Public works:				
Project expenses:				
Alpine street	5,000	5,000	0	5,000
Other projects	0	2,775	0	2,775
Total Expenditures	5,000	7,775	0	7,775
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(5,000)	(7,775)	5,002	12,777
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers out	0	0	(47,625)	(47,625)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	(47,625)	(47,625)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,000)	(7,775)	(42,623)	(34,848)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	43,400	43,400	42,623	(777)
Fund Balances - End of year	\$38,400	\$35,625	\$0	(\$35,625)



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Board of Directors Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority Village of Dexter, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the DDA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority's internal control.

A new auditing standard, SAS No. 112 "Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit" is effective for audits after December 15, 2006. Auditors are now required to inform clients in writing about significant deficiencies and material weaknesses that come to our attention.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, as discussed below, we identified the following deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Financial Statements

As is common with smaller entities, the DDA has relied on it's independent auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements and footnotes. The DDA has decided it is more cost effective to outsource the preparation of it's financial statements to the auditors. The result is that the DDA does not have controls in place to prepare the government-wide financial statements and footnotes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The DDA does carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their content and presentation.

Board of Directors Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority

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This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, others within the Village of Dexter Downtown Development Authority and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cooley Hehl Wollgamth + Carta

July 31, 2007